The Mission of Envision Illinois is to transform services in Illinois into a survivor-centered, seamless, responsive, and sustainable system that fully meets the needs of Deaf people and people with disabilities who are survivors of domestic violence. We ENVISION a culture in Illinois in which Deaf people and people with disabilities who experience domestic violence are empowered by a system of inclusive, accessible, person-centered, services that result in equal access to healing, safety, and justice.

Envision Illinois focuses upon people with mental illnesses, intellectual and/or developmental disabilities, vision/hearing loss, chemical sensitivities, and physical disabilities. For purposes of this review tool, **Deaf**: refers to all categories of hearing loss: deaf, hard of hearing, late deafened, and deafblind. **People with disabilities** refers to people with mental illnesses, intellectual and/or developmental disabilities, chemical sensitivities, and physical disabilities.

This is not a site visit, but rather, the disability responsiveness/accessibility assessment process is designed to assist domestic violence programs in identifying their strengths and challenges in serving survivors with disabilities and learning about resources available to enhance responsiveness. The assessment tool is divided into three areas: Connections and readiness; Policies and practices and Physical Access. Each of these areas influences the experience of survivors with disabilities when seeking domestic violence services.

 \triangleright Connections and Readiness Section Questions 1 – 10

➢ Policies and Practices Section Questions 11 − 27

➤ Physical Access Section Questions 28 – 59

DISABILITY RESPONSIVENESS/ACCESSIBILITY ASSESSMENT TOOL FOR DOMESTICE VIOLENCE PROVIDERS

ASSESSMENT DATE:	 -	
AGENCY NAME:		

Service	Yes/No	Location
Counseling for survivor		
Counseling for children And others who have family like relationships with the victim		
Shelter		
If applicable, are children allowed to stay in shelter		
Crisis Line		
Chat Line		
Text Line		
Wheelchair accessible transportation between services		

DISABILITY RESPONSIVENESS ASSESSMENT TOOL FOR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROGRAMS

ADDRESS:	
TELEPHONE:	_E-MAIL:
STAFF INTERVIEWED:	
INTERVIEWERS:	
SEND REPORT TO:	

CONNECTION AND READINESS

- 1. Does your agency provide outreach and education:
 - To invite the involvement of people with disabilities and Deaf people as employees, volunteers, and Board members?
 - To reach survivors with disabilities and Deaf people through organizations that provide services (e.g., CILs, mental health centers, disability service agencies, Deaf service agencies) and/or community gathering places (e.g., Walmart, doctors' offices, accessible transportation stations)?

Please describe activities and efforts.			
Some of the people I work with receive I wonder if your domestic violence proservice organizations in our community	ogram wor	ks with disability	s.
Community Mental Health Centers	☐ Yes	□ No	
Centers for Independent Living	☐ Yes	□ No	
Vocational Services/Day Program	☐ Yes	□ No	
(Job Training, Supportive			
Employment, Sheltered Workshops)			
State Operated Developmental	Yes	No	
Centers			

(CILA, Intermediate Care Facility, Group Home, Day Program) Adult Protective Services Community Group Supports Deaf Services Organization Other (please list) Please briefly describe these relationsh	☐ Yes ☐ No
Adult Protective Services Community Group Supports Deaf Services Organization Other (please list)	 ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No
Community Group Supports Deaf Services Organization Other (please list)	 ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No
Deaf Services Organization Other (please list)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No
Other (please list)	☐ Yes ☐ No
,	
Some of the people I work with are on picture schedules to remind them whe important activities throughout the day to develop picture-based schedules for appointments, etc.?	en to take medicine and other y. How can we work together
	······································
Can you tell me how you make your se	ervices and environment
welcoming and accessible to clients, st disabilities and Deaf people (e.g., artw magazines and books in public areas, a	taff, board and volunteers w vork and other décor,

	you create or would create a trauma informed environment le with disabilities and Deaf people?
	earned about the Envisions Illinois resource corner, and aming if you have accessed it or would this be the first time? I you.
How doe	es your agency convey to survivors with disabilities and/or
Deaf peo the publi with disa efforts a indicate	ople, disability service agencies, Deaf service agencies and ic that your services are available and accessible to people abilities and Deaf people? Describe awareness/networking and materials provided to the public. Do agency materials that accommodation will be provided? I am wondering agency flyers so we each have one in our lobbies. you could make one that says, what accommodations you

lave staff/volunteers received training in the senters for Independent Living and self-action most of the following topics. If we do not a topic, we can work together to find a secondary to the secondary was a secondary to find a secondary to the secondary was a	lvocates n't provic	provide de some	training training
Training Topics			Number Hours Year
People with disabilities/Deaf people and domestic violence	☐ Yes No		
incidence/impact/general information Types of disabilities	☐ Yes		
Accommodations for different abilities	☐ Yes		
Service planning and delivery with people with disabilities and Deaf people	☐ Yes No		
Agency capacity to serve people with disabilities and Deaf people	☐ Yes No		
Agency policies & procedures guiding service to people with disabilities and Deaf people	☐ Yes No		
Specific laws and fact sheets	☐ Yes No		
History of oppression, segregation, and treatment of people with disabilities and Deaf people	☐ Yes No		
Counseling survivors with disabilities and Deaf people	☐ Yes No		

☐ Yes ☐

Trauma informed care and people with

disabilities and/or Deaf people	No	
Myths and facts about people with		
disabilities/Deaf people and		
considerations for legal advocacy		
Other		

	cy cannot meet items listed in this section, how will mmodate survivors with disabilities or Deaf survivor
CONNECTIO	NS AND READINESS SUMMARY
Strengths: _	
Obstacles: _	

POLICIES AND PRACTICES
How do agency policies, practices and budget demonstrate commitment to serving people with disabilities and/or Deaf people
How are people with disabilities and Deaf people involved in developing agency policies, plans and programs? We have always had people with disabilities and Deaf people who have created agency policies, plans and programs. How can we help you include survivors with disabilities and Deaf people to help develop new policies, plans and programs for when people with disabilities and Deaf people need your services. This will speed up the process for when this population needs domestic violence services as you will already have policies, plans, and programs in place.

of pe ASL assis Inter	How do current policies and practices accommodate the various needs cople with disabilities and/or Deaf people (e.g., communication tools, interpreters, service animals, personal assistants, medications, tive devices)? Centers for Independent Living help with finding ASL preters and personal assistants. The deaf and hard of hearing site has an interpreter directory listing.
15.	How do emergency evacuation procedures ensure safety of people with disabilities and/or Deaf people? What if there was a fire and a client on the second floor? Do you have fire chairs or sheets to help evacuate people? Are staff trained to use equipment? Are there flashing lights to alert Deaf people? What do your current policies say? Does staff evacuate people who cannot walk, or do you wait for firemen?
16.	How do policies and practices create challenges in serving people with disabilities and/or Deaf people? How could these challenges be removed? What ideas do you have in removing challenges to serve people with disabilities and Deaf people?

17.	Some people with disabilities or Deaf people might request or require that services be provided in a location other than the agency site. How would this be accommodated? How would a survivor with disabilities or a Deaf survivor be made aware that service might be available in another location? Maybe your domestic violence program can put this on the brochure that lists accommodations for people with disabilities and death people.
18.	Are there particular intake questions that invite survivors to disclose and/or discuss any disability and need for accommodation? How would staff know if a person has a disability, if not obvious, and needs in relation to any disability? My clients would simply want to be asked.
19.	What specific guidance and supervision does staff receive regarding survivor-centered service planning and delivery for a person with a disability and/or Deaf person (e.g., communication techniques, empowering the survivor, working with guardians)? We encourage

client-centered planning, with input from staff. You can find more information on the Envision Illinois resource corner, if your local

	Center for Independent Living cannot answer your questions.
20.	How are client materials/paperwork (e.g., intake form, service plan, evaluation of services) made available in alternative formats such as large print, pictures, simplified language? Do staff offer to assist people with paperwork if needed? We make materials into large print, make words into picture cards, and use simplified language. Would you like our center to create alternative formats, so you have them at hand?
21.	How would you inform me of where to go and of any barriers I may face getting in around the building? (e.g., accessible entrance in a different location than front door; accessible parking)?

22.	How do you inform people of parking, public transportation stops nearby, other information which makes it easier to access your location? The people that Centers for Independent Living often rely on public transportation including buses, cabs, and other transportation depending on what it offered in the area. Where do cab drivers park for easy access to the building? How could you describe where the nearest bus stop is? Could you help a person from the bus stop to the domestic violence program? Do you offer transportation?				
23.	How are you proactively ready to provide accommodation, such as Braille materials and ASL interpreters? Do you have working relationships with interpreter services, etc.? Do you have working agreements with ASL interpreters and caregiver agencies? How long does it take to get these services in place? How can you have papers in big print and in simple language prepared for me ahead of time for survivors? How can your local Center Independent Living support you in helping a victim with a disability or Deaf person quickly?				
24.	How does your does your domestic violence program support the environment one of doing 'with' and not doing 'for'? Share an example. Some Centers for Independent Living do financial benefits				

assı indi	eedback sought from people with disabilities/Deaf people to ure accommodations available are appropriate and useful?
	es, describe how this feedback is gathered.
take kee _l	ne of the people that Centers of Independent Living work we medication on a strict time schedule. Our policy is that the pand take medicine on their own. What is your policy on dication?

Do you have plans in place for accommodating people with

27.

	you have additional resources for people with disabilities of I ple that you can offer to my agency or other agencies?
Kno	w how and where to arrange back-up caregivers/support peo
	Have proper over the counter medication.
	medications available/accessible Know accessible transportation options/routes.
	Have mobility/communication/adaptive equipment available
Ш	a wheelchair, Hoyer lift, ASL, interpreters, and alternative
	formats.
	What are your community resources? It could be a relation
	with a durable medical equipment provider. What are some
	other resources you have?
	Know how to protect themselves from financial abuse if the
	have a guardian or representative payee.
	knows how to prevent client from further abuse.
	Other strategies, specify:

29. \	29. What are some ways that we can continue to work together?		
30.	POLICIES AND PRACTICES SUMMARY		
	Strengths:		
	Obstacles:		
	Resources Needed:		

PHYSICAL ACCESS

31.	Does your agency have a parking lot?			
	☐ Yes	□ No _	number of spaces	
	•		8' wide and have an addition pace (e.g., for a van). \square	
	Are accessible s	paces identifie	ed with signage? □ Yes	□ No
	Is there at least	at least 8ft by	y 8ft or 11ft by 5ft in acces	sible?
	28. Are the accentrance? ☐ Ye	•	ng spaces closest to the ac	cessible
32.	(i.e., designated	l accessible st	ot, is there accessible park reet parking located near a aces closest to the accessib	curb ramp)?
	☐ Yes	□ No		
v.060	9161350		1	

33. stairs		ntrance to the building accessible without using		
	□ Yes	□ No		
34.	Is there a sign at any inaccessible entrances indicating where accessible entrance(s) is located?			
	□ Yes	□ No		
35.	Does the accessible entrance provide direct access to the main floor or lobby?			
	□ Yes	□ No		
36.	If the building has ramps to entrances, is the grade no steeper than one inch of slope for every 12 inches of ramp and is there a level platform free of obstructions (i.e., planters, garbage cans, etc.) at the entrance? If the building has ramps to entrance, do they have rails to hold on to?			
	□ Yes	□ No		
37.	Do all doors used by clients have at least a 36-inch clear opening (including restrooms and offices)?			
	□ Yes	□ No		
38.	Is there a threshold edge on each door that is less than 1/4inch high, or a beveled edge no more than 1/2inch high?			
	□ Yes	□ No		
39.	Are door handles	s no more than 48 inches from the floor?		

	□ Yes	□ No
40.	Can doors be op doorknob?	ened without having to grasp, twist, or turn a
	□ Yes	□ No
41.	Can doors be op 5lb for interior)?	pened without too much force (8.5lb for exterior and
	□ Yes	□ No
42.	' '	s to service areas at least 36 inches wide and free of s (i.e., boxes, planters, garbage cans, etc.)?
	□ Yes	□ No
40.		rs between any essential public areas, are there also ors to those areas?
	□ Yes	□ No
41.	If there is an ele than 42 inches f	evator in the building, is the call button no higher from the floor?
	□ Yes	□ No
42.	Do the buttons i	n the elevator cab have raised/Braille lettering?
	□ Yes	□ No
43.		n signs Braille/Tactile and mounted 60" to the sign from the floor mounted on the latch side of the
	□ Yes	□ No

44.	Are there signs on the inaccessible restrooms indicating where th accessible restrooms are located?		
	□ Yes	□ No	
45.		ors and stall doors operable from both sides without ng, or turning a handle or knob?	
	□ Yes	□ No	
46.	the door swing?	ssible stall with a clear area of at least 5ftX5ft from Or is there a stall that is less accessible, but offers a standard stall (at least 48" wide)?	
	☐ Yes	□ No	
47.		at least 17" high when measured from the floor to bilet seat in the accessible stall?	
	☐ Yes	□ No	
48.	the side wall nea	pars secured onto the wall behind the toilet and on arest to it in the accessible stall? The side grab baring and mounted between 33-36" from the door.	
	☐ Yes	□ No	
49.	attached bench	shower with grab bars and either a permanent or a sturdy removable shower bench, OR a tub with a ars and a sturdy removable shower bench?	
	□ Yes	□ No	

50. Is there clearance space beneath at least 1 sink for swheelchair to roll safely up to the sink? (24" minimum measured from the floor to the bottom of the sink are		I safely up to the sink? (24" minimum when		
	□ Yes	□ No		
51.	Is there insulation around the drainpipes at the accessible sink or are they configured so that they would not touch a person in a wheelchair's skin?			
	□ Yes	□ No		
52.	Can the faucets be operated without grasping, twisting, or turning?			
	□ Yes	□ No		
53.	•	sers, hand dryers or towel dispensers no more than loor and operable without grasping, twisting or		
	□ Yes	□ No		
54.	Is there clear floor space for easy approach to these features (i.e., free garbage cans, plants, etc.)			
55.	 A wide and and other Accessible for chargin of a teleph 	□ No one bedroom on the first floor, or higher floors vator, with the following: d unobstructed path between beds, desks, tables, furniture (reachable) electrical outlets, with one near the bed ag a motorized wheelchair, and one within four feet one connection for use with a text phone storage areas		

	☐ Yes	□ No		
56.	During times of inclement weather, are ice and snow removed from sidewalks, curb cuts and accessible building entrances?			
	□ Yes	□ No		
https	s://www.adacheck	list.org/doc/fullchecklist/ada-checklist.pdf		
actio	n plan 3			
actio	п ріап э			
57.	PHYSICAL ACCES	SS SUMMARY		
	Strengths:	`		
	Obstacles:			
	Resources Need	ed:		

ENVISION ILLINOIS DISABILITY RESPONSIVENESS ASSESSMENT TOOL FOR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROGRAMS ADDITIONAL RESOURCES 58. What resources do you need to enhance agency response to people with disabilities and/or Deaf people who experience domestic violence? 59. COMMENTS: